## IONOSPHERIC RESPONSES OVER THE BRAZILIAN TERRITORY TO THE MAGNETIC STORM OF FEBRUARY 7-10, 1986

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## ABSTRACT

Large total electron content (TEC) variations have been observed over Cachoeira Paulista (geogr. 22.8°S,  $45^{\circ}$ W, dip = 28°S) during the magnetic storm that iniciated on February 7, 1986. More specifically, large TEC increases over average quiet-day (Feb 1 to 5, 1986) TEC values were registered. Intense TEC fluctuations, possibly associated with gravity wave occurrence and with period of oscillation of the order of two hours, were observed during the time interval of 12001.T to 1800LT on February 8. The ionogram parameter  $f_0F_2$  are also analysed. The former is seen to increase during the first and second days, which coincided with the days of the storm main phase and to decrease on the third and fourth days which corresponded to the storm recovered period. The ionosphere over Cachoeira Paulista appeared to return to its undisturbed condition on February II, that is, the fifth day, in spite of the fact that the D<sub>et</sub> index remained negative up to the end of the month. A model analysis of the behavior of the  $f_{a}F_{2}$  and f\_F is given.